पंजाब एंड सिंध बैंक

(भारत सरकार का उपक्रम) प्र.का. जोखिम प्रबंधन विभाग दूसरा तल, बैंक हॉउस,

21, राजेन्द्र प्लेस, नई दिल्ली- 110008

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PUNJAB & SIND BANK

(A Government Of India Undertaking)
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NOTE FOR GM

(For approval)

Dated- 01.04.2022

Reg: Basel -III Disclosures as on 31.12.2021

1. Purpose of the Note: To get approval to upload Basel III disclosures as on 31.12.2021 on Bank's website as per the RBI guidelines.

2. Background of the Note:

RBI has released Master Circular on "Basel III Capital Regulations" on 15t July, 2015. In terms of Guidelines contained in the said circular, the banks are required to make Basel III Disclosures.

As per clause 14.9.2 on 'Scope and Frequency of Disclosures" of the Master circular on Basel III-Capital regulations, Banks are required to make Pillar 3 disclosures at least on a half yearly basis, irrespective of whether financial statements are audited, with the exception of following disclosures:

Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy;

ii. Table DF-3: Credit Risk: General Disclosures for All Banks; and

iii. Table DF-4: Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardized Approach.

The disclosures as indicated at (i), (ii) and (iii) above will be made at least on a quarterly basis by banks.

Further as per clause 14.14.7.3 on "Main Features Template" of the said Master circular, Banks are required to keep the completed main features report up-to-date. Banks should ensure that the report is updated and made publicly available, whenever a bank issues or repays a capital instrument and whenever there is redemption, conversion I write-down or other material change in the nature of an existing capital instrument. The main feature disclosure template is set out in Table DF-13.

In addition to the above, as per clause 16.6.1, Banks are required to publicly disclose their Basel III leverage ratio on a consolidated basis from April 1, 2015. In terms of clause 16.6.5.3, banks, at a minimum, must disclose the following three items on a quarterly basis, irrespective of whether financial statements are audited:

- a) Tier I capital
- b) Exposure measure
- c) Leverage ratio
- d) Liquidity Coverage Ratio
- e) Net Stable Funding Ratio

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At a minimum, these disclosures should be made on a quarter-end basis (i.e. as on June 30, September 30, December 31 and March 31 of a financial year), along with the figures of the prior three quarter-ends.

2. Department comments:

- 1. After completion of the quarterly audit/review as on 31.12.2021, we have collected and Compiled Basel III disclosures as on 31.12.2021 (Flag A) from HO Investment Management Department, HO Credit Monitoring Department, HO Foreign Exchange Department, HO Law & Recovery Department and HO Accounts Department.
- 2. As per Disclosure Policy and RBI requirement it is mandatory to upload Basel III Disclosures on Bank's Website (as a separate link).
- 3. As the Basel III Disclosures for the quarter ended 31.12.2021 are to be uploaded on Bank's website, we may send the above stated to HO IT Department along with disclosures pertaining to Leverage Ratio for uploading same on Bank's website.

Submitted for approval.

Kamal Kishor

Asst. General Manager

Asst. General Manager

General Manager

BASEL- III DISCLOSURES - QUARTER ENDED 31st December 2021

Table DF 1 - SCOPE OF APPLICATION

| Qualitative Disclosures | Not Applicable |
|---|----------------|
| (a) List of group entities considered for consolidation | |
| (b) List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation | Not Applicable |
| Quantitative Disclosures (c) List of group entities considered for consolidation | Not Applicable |
| | |
| (d) The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted | Not Applicable |
| (e) The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted. | Not Applicable |
| (f) Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group | Not Applicable |

Table DF 2 - CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Qualitative disclosures

Bank is already geared up to adopt global best practices while implementing risk management stipulations that are in conformity with the Basel III framework.

Comprehensive risk management architecture is in place to address various issues concerning Basel III. A quarterly review is carried out to assess the capital need of the Bank, keeping in view the anticipated growth in Risk Weighted Assets, Market Risk and Operational Risk. Bank maintains capital as a cushion towards the risk of loss in value of exposure, businesses, etc., to protect the interest of stake holders, more particularly, depositors.

Bank has system in place for assessing the capital requirements based on current and future business activities and monitoring the same on an ongoing basis. The bank considers that capital availability is the central theme in the whole process and its computation is relatable to policy, strategy, business level/composition, and Supervisory concern and Disclosure issues.



Towards this, bank has evolved a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (I-CAAP) framework and carries out capital calculation under Pillar-2 of Basel II and also of Basel-III at periodical intervals besides Pillar 1 Capital calculation. The bank has formulated Stress Testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenarios on the adequacy of capital at periodical intervals.

In line with RBI guidelines, the bank has adopted following approaches for implementation of Basel III.

- Standardised Approach for credit risk
- Basic Indicator Approach for operational risk
- Standardised Duration Approach for market risk

Though the bank has implemented the Standardized Approach of credit risk, yet the bank shall continue its journey towards adopting Internal Rating Based Approaches.

The Bank has issued Tier II Bonds by way of Subordinated Debts in the form of Promissory Notes / Debentures at Coupon payable annually / semi-annually. These bonds have been issued after getting them duly rated by the Domestic Rating Agencies. All the outstanding bonds are listed at the National Stock Exchange Ltd., Mumbai. The other important features of these bonds are:

- The Bonds have a tenor ranging from 118 months to 127 months from date of the issue.
- The instruments are fully paid up, unsecured and subordinated to the claims of other creditors, free of restrictive clauses and not redeemable at the initiative of the holder or without the consent of the RBI.
- The instruments are subjected to progressive discounting @ 20 % per year over the last five years of their tenor. Such discounted amounts are not included in Tier II Capital for Capital Adequacy purposes.

The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier I Capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.

Capital requirements for credit risk:

| | Amt. in Lacs |
|--|--------------|
| - Portfolios subject to standardized approach @ 9% | 360525 |
| - Securitization exposures | 0 |

Capital requirements for market risk: Standardised duration approach

| Capital Charge on account of General Market Risk | Amt. in Lacs |
|--|--------------|
| - Interest rate risk | 17594 |
| - Foreign exchange risk (including gold) | 225 |
| - Equity risk | 1705 |

Capital requirements for operational risk

| | Amt. in Lacs |
|---|--------------|
| Basic indicator approach | 38105 |
| otal and Tier 1 capital ratio for the Bank | |
| Total Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio as per Basel III | 17.82% |
| Common Equity Tier I Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio as per Basel III | 12.34% |
| Tier I Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio as per Basel III | 14.41% |

Table DF 3 - CREDIT RISK : GENERAL DISCLOSURES

Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank follows the basic prudential guidelines issued by the RBI on classification of Non-Performing Asset (NPA) as under:

- a) Interest and / or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan.
- b) The account remains 'out of order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of sanctioned limit / DP for more than 90 days and / or there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, in respect of Overdraft/Cash Credit (OD/CC).
- c) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted.
- d) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops.
- e) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops.
- f) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated May 7, 2012.
- g) In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to market value of a derivative contract, if these remains unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for repayment.

Out of Order means: An account should be treated as 'out of order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or

credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts should be treated as 'out of order'.

Here, `Overdue' mean any amount due to the Bank under any credit facility, if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the Bank.

In addition to above, an account may also be classified as NPA in terms of the following:

Account with temporary deficiencies/irregularities (Refer RBI MC point 4.2.4)

Where the interest charged during any quarter is not serviced fully within 90 days from the end of the quarter, the account is classified as Non-performing asset and ceases to generate income for the bank.

The classification of an asset as NPA should be based on the record of recovery. Bank should not classify an advance account as NPA merely due to the existence of some deficiencies which are temporary in nature such as non-availability of adequate drawing power based on the latest available stock statement, balance outstanding exceeding the limit temporarily, non-submission of stock statements and non-renewal of the limits on the due date, etc. In the matter of classification of accounts with such deficiencies banks may follow the following guidelines:

i) Banks should ensure that drawings in the working capital accounts are covered by the adequacy of current assets, since current assets are first appropriated in times of distress. Drawing power is required to be arrived at based on the stock statement which is current. However, considering the difficulties of large borrowers, stock statements relied upon by the banks for determining drawing power should not be older than three months. The outstanding in the account based on drawing power calculated from stock statements older than three months, would be deemed as irregular.

A working capital borrowal account will become NPA if such irregular drawings are permitted in the account for a continuous period of 90 days even though the unit may be working or the borrower's financial position is satisfactory.

ii) Regular and ad hoc credit limits need to be reviewed/ regularised not later than three months from the due date/date of ad hoc sanction. In case of constraints such as non-availability of financial statements and other data from the borrowers, the branch should furnish evidence to show that renewal/ review of credit limits is already on and would be completed soon. In any case, delay beyond six months is not considered desirable as a general discipline. Hence, an account where the regular/ ad hoc credit limits have not been reviewed/ renewed within 180 days from the due date/ date of ad hoc sanction will be treated as NPA.

Besides above, Bank also follows the guidelines issued by RBI in respect of classification of assets under a) Restructured accounts, b) Project under implementation involving time

overrun, c) Post shipment Suppliers' Credit. d) Export Project Finance, e) Take over Finance, f) Govt. guaranteed Advance, g)

Advance under Rehabilitation approved by BFIR / TLI, h) Advances under Debt Waiver & Debt Relief Scheme 2009, i) Sale of Financial Assets to Securitization Company /Reconstruction Company, j) Purchase/ Sale of Non-Performing Financial Assets, k) Up-gradation of accounts, l) Accounts regularized near about the Balance Sheet date etc.

B. CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT AND OBJECTIVES:

The main objective of Credit Risk Management Department is to effectively identify, assess, measure, and manage the credit risk exposure of the Bank, with a view to contain it within desired limits in relation to the risk appetite of the Bank and commensurate with the availability of Capital. In doing so, the Bank's Credit Risk philosophy aims at minimizing risk and maintaining it within the levels which shall ensure safety of the Bank's financial resources, including stakeholders' equity and, at the same time, also ensure a steady and healthy financial growth.

STRATEGIC POLICY OF THE BANK - CREDIT RISK:

The Bank has a comprehensive and well defined Loan Policy which covers various aspects of strategic planning. The loan policy of the Bank is reviewed from time to time, depending on requirements of the changes in loan portfolio and general economic and market scenario. The loan policy is also subjected to a comprehensive review by the Board at least once a year. The loan policy of the Bank addresses, among other things:

- Exposure ceilings and prudential caps in different industry segments and borrower categories.
- · Pricing based on risk profile linked to credit ratings and/or retail segments.
- Guidelines relating to procedures and systems for appraisal, sanction, and monitoring of loans and modes of dispensation of credit.
- · Credit Rating framework.
- Inspection mechanism and compliance of regulatory and policy guidelines.

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT ARCHITECTURE:

- The organizational structure of the Bank for Credit Risk Management function has the Board of Directors at the Apex level that has the overall oversight of management of risks.
- The Risk Management Committee (RMC) which is the sub-committee of the Board headed by the MD & CEO devises the policy and strategy for integrated risk management including credit risk.



RISK MEASUREMENT

At present Credit Risk is assessed through Risk rating at the individual level and through Risk Weighting of the assets at the portfolio level and capital is maintained based on Risk Weights.

| Sr. No. | Category | Amt. in Lacs |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Fund Based Credit | 6670992 |
| 2 | Non Fund Based Credit | 351448 |

Geographic distribution of Advances

| Sr. No. | Category | Amt. in Lacs |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Overseas | Nil |
| | - Fund Based Credit | |
| | - Non Fund Based Credit | Nil |
| 2 | Domestic | |
| | - Fund Based Credit | 6670992 |
| | - Non Fund Based Credit | 351448 |

INDUSTRY TYPE DISTRIBUTION OF ADVANCES

Amt. in Cr

| Industry | Funded | non Funded |
|----------------------------------|--------|------------|
| A.MINING & QUARRYING | 33 | 199 |
| B.FOOD PROCESSING | 1748 | 80 |
| C.BEVERAGES & TOBACCO | 170 | 5 |
| D.TEXTILES | 1869 | 20 |
| E.LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS | 152 | 0 |
| F.WOOD & WOOD PRODUCTS | 94 | 13 |
| G.PAPER & PAPER PRODUCTS | 139 | 2 |
| H.PETRO./COAL/NUCLEAR FUELS | 49 | 0 |
| I.CHEMICALS & CHEMICAL PRODUCTS | 149 | 6 |
| J.RUBBER, PLASTIC & ITS PRODUCTS | 277 | 7 |
| K.GLASS & GLASSWARE | 22 | 0 |
| L.CEMENT AND CEMENT PRODUCTS | 50 | 60 |
| M.BASIC METAL & METAL PRODUCTS | 975 | 56 |
| N.ALL ENGINEERING | 617 | 77 |
| O.VEHCLES/VEHICLE PARTS | 310 | 41 |
| P.GEMS & JEWELLARY | 32 | 0 |
| Q.CONSTRUCTIONS | 479 | 259 |
| R.INFRASTRUCTURE | 16040 | 1498 |
| S.OTHER INDUSTRIES | 167 | 9 |
| T.RESIDUARY | 43337 | 1182 |
| Grand Total | 66709 | 3514 |

Significant exposure:

Industry where the Total is more than 5% of Total Fund based and Non-fund based Credit
Amt. in Lacs

| C N - | | Ann. in Lacs | | | | |
|-------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| S.No. | Industry | Amount | | | | |
| 1 | Infrastructure | 1753759 | | | | |

RESIDUAL CONTRACTUAL MATURITY BREAKDOWN OF ASSETS

(Rupees in Lacs)

| Maturity Pattern (Time Buckets) | Deposits | Loans & | Investments | Borrowings | Foreign C | urrency | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------|---------|--|
| (Time backets) | | Advances | | | Liabilities | Assets | |
| 1 day | 65638 | 81725 | 896882 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2-7 days | 94948 | 77996 | 23810 | 0 | 14917 | 5372 | |
| 8 - 14 days | 51154 | 60902 | 6990 | 0 | 0 | 4697 | |
| 15 - 30 days | 151246 | 103650 | 29169 | 0 | 0 | 3531 | |
| 31 days to 2 months | 478873 | 162817 | 85363 | 0 | 16166 | 53442 | |
| Over 2 months & up to 3 months | 473275 | 168655 | 84598 | 0 | 16166 | 53442 | |
| Over 3 months & up to 6 months | 1629329 | 212878 | 234504 | 1634 | 11599 | 48401 | |
| Over 6 months & up to 1 year | 2603599 | 632892 | 411778 | 1918 | 13081 | 56834 | |
| Over 1 year & up to 3 years | 2040257 | 1416312 | 323974 | 2996 | 0 | 0 | |
| Over 3 years & up to 1272179 5 years | | 1055413 | 213031 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Over 5 years | 1175626 | 1734179 | 998498 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total | 10036124 | 5707419 | 3308597 | 6548 | 71929 | 225719 | |



Liquidity Coverage Ratio for Quarter Ending 31.12.2021

| | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | Cash | 00 | 7 | 6 | (III) | (ii) | (1) | 5 | 4 | (III) | (ii) | (1) | 3 | (ii) | (1) | 2 | | Cash | - | High C | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|
| | Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%) | Total Net Cash Outflows | TOTAL HQLA | Total Cash Inflows | Other Cash Inflows | Inflows from fully performing exposures | Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos) | Cash Inflows | Total Cash Outflows | Other contingent funding obligations | Other contractual funding obligations | Credit and liquidity facilities | Outflows related to loss of funding on | Outflows related to derivative exposures | Additional requirements, of which | Secured wholesale funding | Unsecured debt | Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) | Operational Deposits (all counterparties) | Unsecured wholesale funding of which | Less stable deposits | Stable Deposits | small business customers, of which | Retail deposits and deposits from | Cash Outlows | Total High Quality Liquid Assets | High Quality Liquid Assets | | | |
| The Liquidity Coverage Ratio arrived for the quarter ended 30.06.2021 is 215.52% (on basis of simple averages of daily observations during the period 01-04-2021 to 30-06-2021) against the regulatory requirement of 100% | | | | 330142 | 70654 | 156603 | 136363 | | THE REAL PROPERTY. | 940300 | 0 | 255691 | 0 | 50976 | 0 | AND STREET, SAN | 0 | 1026732 | 0 | 1026732 | 5976990 | 92470 | 6069460 | | | | | Total Unweighted Value (Average) | 30.06.2021 | 70.00 |
| atto arrived for the 1 is 215.52% (on basis ly observations during 30-06-2021) against t of 100% | 215.52% | 1033745 | 2227975 | 152094 | 70654 | 81440 | 0 | | 1185839 | 39790 | 0 | 14783 | 0 | 50976 | 65759 | 0 | 0 | 477967 | 0 | 477967 | 597699 | 4623 | 602323 | | | 2227975.08 | | Total Weighted Value (Average) | .2021 | 2021 |
| The Liquidity Coverage Ratio arrived for the quarter ended 30.09.2021 is 250.51% (on basis of simple averages of daily observatio during the period 01-07-2021 to 30-09-2021 against the regulatory requirement of 100% | | | | 436443 | 53207 | 132817 | 287153 | | STATE OF THE PARTY | 924183 | 0 | 266591 | 0 | 68216 | 0 | THE RESERVED THE PARTY OF THE P | 0 - | 970698 | 0 | 970698 | 6093910 | 94646 | 6188557 | | | | | Total Unweighted Value (Average) | 30.0 | - |
| The Liquidity Coverage Ratio arrived for the quarter ended 30.09.2021 is 250.51% (on basis of simple averages of daily observations during the period 01-07-2021 to 30-09-2021) against the regulatory requirement of 100% | 250.51% | 1065816 | 2669946 | 134512 | 53207 | 81305 | 0 | | 1200328 | 39098 | 0 | 14212 | 0 | 68216 | 82428 | 0 | 0 | 464679 | 0 | 464679 | 609391 | 4732 | 614123 | | | 2669946 | | Total Weighted Value (Average) | 30.09.2021 | |
| | | | | 494446 | 61353 | 111789 | 321304 | | BANCON COLUMN | 929583 | 0 | 334955 | 0 | 86818 | 0 | THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS. | 0 | 872635 | 0 | 872635 | 6277825 | 97853 | 6375677 | | | | | Total Unweighted Value (Average) | 31 | - |
| The Liquidity Coverage Ratio arrived for the quarter ended 31.12.2021 is 270.86% (on basis of simple averages of daily observations during the period 01-10-2021 to 31-12-2021) against the regulatory requirement of 100% | 270.86% | 1045027 | 2830555 | 143098 | 61353 | 81745 | 0 | | 1188125 | 39269 | 0 | 18115 | 0 | 86818 | 104933 | 0 | 0 | 411248 | 0 | 411248 | 627782 | 4893 | 632675 | | | 2830555 | | Total Weighted Value (Average) | 31.12.2021 | 10000 |

Net Stable Funding Ratio for Quarter Ending 31.12.2021

| | NSFR Disclosure | | | | Amount i | n Rs. Crore |
|------------|--|----------------|--------|------------------------|----------|-------------|
| Disclosure | Category | maturity | months | to < 1yr | 1yr | value |
| 1 | Capital: (2+3) | 8714 | | | 1638 | 10352 |
| 2 | Regulatory capital | 8714 | | | 1638 | 10352 |
| 3 | Other capital instruments | | | | | |
| | Retail deposits and deposits from | | | | | |
| | small business customers: | 32112 | 13930 | 16993 | 6867 | 63807 |
| 4 | (5+6) | | | | | |
| 5 | Stable deposits | 2801 | 712 | 655 | 3057 | 7018 |
| 6 | Less stable deposits | 29312 | 13218 | 16338 | 3809 | 56790 |
| 7 | Wholesale funding: (8+9) | | 12633 | 10519 | 2090 | 13668 |
| 8 | Operational deposits | | | | | |
| 9 | Other wholesale funding | | 12633 | 10519 | 2090 | 13663 |
| 10 | Other liabilities: (11+12) | 646 | 5207 | 52 | 0 | 10000 |
| | (11 12) | 010 | 0201 | - OZ | - | |
| 11 | NSFR derivative liabilities | | 636 | 52 | 0 | 0 |
| - | NOT R delivative habilities | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 646 | 4572 | | | 0 |
| 12 | All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories | | | | | |
| | and the same of th | | | | | |
| 13 | Total ASF (1+4+7+10) | 41472 | 31770 | 27564 | 10595 | 87824 |
| RSF Item | Total AST (17471710) | | | | | |
| Nor item | | | | NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY. | - | |
| 4.4 | Tatal NOFE List well's live it was a distant | | | | | 1352 |
| 14 | Total NSFR high-quality liquidassets (HQLA) | No. 100 Helion | | | BEE | |
| | | 295 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 148 |
| 15 | Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes | 200 | 0 | 9 | ٥ | 140 |
| 16 | Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23) | 0 | 2185 | 1227 | 57419 | 50369 |
| 17 | Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 | | | | | |
| 18 | HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 19 | and small business customers, and loans to overeigns, central | 0 | 2185 | 1227 | 48061 | 42603 |
| | With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II | | | | | |
| 20 | Standardised Approach for credit risk | | | | 9105 | 5919 |
| 21 | Performing residential mortgages, of which: | | | - | 2067 | 1569 |
| 22 | Standardised Approach for credit risk | | | - | 2067 | 1569 |
| 23 | including exchange-traded equities | | | - | 7291 | 6197 |
| 24 | Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29) | | | - | 20309 | |
| in m | | | | - | 20309 | 20309 |
| 25 26 | Physical traded commodities, including gold Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts | | | | | |
| 27 | NSFR derivative assets | | | | | |
| 28 | NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin | | | | | |
| 29 | All other assets not included in the above categories | | | - | 20309 | 20309 |
| 30 | Off-balance sheet items | | | | 14739 | 667 |
| 31 | Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30) | | | | | 72844 |
| 32 | Net Stable Funding Ratio (%) | | | | - | 120.56 |

Amount of NPAs (Gross) in Lacs:

| Sr.No. | Category | Amt. in Lacs |
|--------|-------------|--------------|
| 1 | Substandard | 84176 |
| 2 | Doubtful 1 | 170133 |
| 3 | Doubtful 2 | 186728 |



| Sr.No. | Category | Amt. in Lacs |
|--------|------------|--------------|
| 4 | Doubtful 3 | 236834 |
| 5 | Loss | 285702 |
| | Total | 963575 |

Net NPAs

| | (Amt. in Lacs) | |
|-----------|----------------|--|
| Net NPAs) | 177306 | |
| | | |

NPA Ratios

| | Category | Percent | |
|---|------------------------------|---------|--|
| 1 | Gross NPAs to Gross advances | 14.44% | |
| 2 | Net NPAs to Net advances | 3.01% | |

Movement of NPAs (Gross)

| | Amt. in Lacs | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| Opening Balance(Mar'21) | 933400 | |
| Additions | 183109 | |
| Reductions | 152933 | |
| Closing Balance (Dec 21) | 963575 | |

Movement of Provisions for NPAs

(Amt. in Lacs)

| | | (Allic III Lacs) | |
|-------|--|---------------------|--|
| Sr.No | Provision | Provisions for NPAs | |
| | Opening Balance(Dec 2021) | 681670 | |
| Add | Provisions made during the period (A) | 180027 | |
| Less: | Upgraded Accounts | 7467 | |
| | Write-off/ Write-back of excess provisions | 52577 | |
| | Reversal in closed (NPA) accounts | 21953 | |
| | Others | 0 | |
| | Sub- Total (B) | 81996 | |
| | Closing Balance | 779700 | |

Details of write offs & recoveries that have been booked directly to the Income statement

| | (Amt. in Lacs) |
|---|----------------|
| Interest Income Recovered- Technically Written Off Cases | 4388 |
| Miscellaneous Income-Recovery In Technical Write Off A/Cs | 16579 |
| TOTAL | 20966 |

Amount of Non-Performing Investments

| | Amt. in Lacs | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Amount of Non-Performing Investments | 42350 | |

Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments

| | Amt. in Lacs |
|--|--------------|
| Provisions held for non-performing investments | 42350 |

Movement of provisions for depreciation on investments

| | Amt. in Lacs | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Opening Balance (01.10.2021) | 2685 | |
| Provisions made during the period | 2048 | |
| Write-off | 0 | |
| Write-back of excess provisions | 24 | |
| Closing Balance | 4709 | |

Major Industry Breakup of NPA

(Amt. in Lacs)

| | | (AIIIL III Lacs) |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Industry | Gross NPA | Provision for NPA |
| NPA in Top 5 Industries | 277323 | 229930 |

Geography wise Distribution of NPA & Provision

(Amt. in Lacs)

| Industry | Gross NPA | Provision for NPA | Provision for Standard Advances |
|----------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Domestic | 963575 | 779700 | 67150 |
| Overseas | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table DF 4 - CREDIT RISK: DISCLOSURES FOR PORTFOLIOS SUBJECT TO THE STANDARDISED APPROACH

Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank has approved using the general rating of the following credit rating agencies
for risk weighting under the standardized approach for CRAR calculations CRISIL, ICRA,
India Rating, ACUITE, BRICKWORK, CARE and Infomerics for domestic claims and
S&P, FITCH and Moody's for claims on non-resident corporates, foreign banks and
foreign sovereigns.



The ratings of all these agencies are being used for all exposures subjected to rating for risk weighting purposes under the standardized approach for CRAR calculations under Basel III as defined by RBI.

- 2. The process used to transfer public issue ratings on to comparable assets in the banking book is as per regulatory requirements of RBI. The public ratings published by the rating agencies on their website are used for this purpose. Only, ratings which are in force as per monthly bulletin of the concerned rating agency and which have been reviewed at least once during the previous 15 months are used.
- 3. For all the exposures on a particular counterparty, bank uses the rating of only one agency, even though these exposures are rated by more than one with exception being where each of the exposures is rated by only one of the approved rating agencies.
- 4. To be eligible for risk-weighting purposes, it is ensured that the external credit assessment takes into account and reflects the entire amount of credit risk exposure the bank has with regard to all payments owed to it i.e., both principal and interest. External assessments for one entity within a corporate group is not used to risk weight other entities within the same group.
- 5. For assets that have contractual maturity less than or equal to one year, short term ratings are used while for other assets, long term ratings are used. For Cash Credit exposures long term ratings are taken.
- 6. Where an issuer has a long-term exposure with an external long term rating that warrants a risk weight of 150%, all unrated claims on the same counterparty, whether short-term or long-term, also receive a 150% risk weight, except in cases where credit risk mitigation techniques are used for such claims. Similar is the case with short-term rating.
- 7. The <u>Short</u>-term ratings assigned by the approved rating agencies are directly mapped to the risk weights under the Standardized Approach for short-term exposures.

A mechanism for mapping of internal ratings of short term loans (up to 1 year) with Short Term ratings of External Credit Rating Agencies, on similar lines as risk weight mapping given by RBI, is already in vogue in our bank.

- 8. If there are two ratings accorded by eligible credit rating agencies, which map into different risk weights, the higher risk weight is applied. If there are three or more ratings accorded by eligible credit rating agencies with different risk weights, the ratings corresponding to the two lowest risk weights are referred to and the higher of those two risk weights are applied, i.e., the second lowest risk weight.
- 9. The RW of the investment claim is based on specific rating by a chosen credit rating agency, where the claim is not an investment in a specific assessed issue:

- i) The rating applicable to the specific debt (where the rating maps into a risk weight lower than that which applies to an unrated claim) is applied to the bank's un-assessed claim only if this claim ranks *paripassu* or senior to the specific rated debt in all respects and the maturity of the un-assessed claim is not later than the maturity of the rated claim, except where the rated claim is a short term obligation.
- ii) If either the issuer or single issue has been assigned a rating which maps into a risk weight equal to or higher than that which applies to unrated claims, an unrated claim on the same counterparty, is assigned the same risk weight as is applicable to the rated exposure, if this claim ranks *paripassu* or junior to the rated exposure in all respects.

Exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach

| | Amt. in Lacs | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Risk Weight Category | Exposure After Credit Risk Mitigation | |
| Below 100 % risk weight | 5668483 | |
| 100 % risk weight | 1039177 | |
| More than 100 % risk weight | 333251 | |
| Deducted | 2455152 | |
| TOTAL | 4585759 | |

Table DF 5 - CREDIT RISK MITIGATION: DISCLOSURES FOR STANDARDISED APPROACHES

Qualitative Disclosures

- 1. Credit Risk Mitigation is a proactive management tool designed to enhance revenue growth, while protecting an entity's earnings from loss. Banks employ various methods and techniques to reduce the impact of the credit risks they are exposed to in their daily operations. Some of the credit risk mitigation techniques are permitted to be used by the supervisor for reducing the capital charge after adjustment for value, currency mismatch and maturity mismatch. Various Credit Risk Mitigants (CRM) recognized under Basel III are as follows:
 - → Collateralised transactions
 - → On-balance-sheet-netting
 - → Guarantees

2. Eligible financial collateral:

All collaterals are not recognised as credit risk mitigants under the Standardised Approach. The following are the financial collaterals recognized:

- i. Cash and Certain Deposits.
- ii. Gold: benchmarked to 99.99% purity.
- iii. Securities issued by Central and State Governments
- iv. KisanVikas Patra and National Savings Certificates
- v. Life insurance policies
- vi. Debt securities -Rated subject to conditions.
- vii. Debt securities not rated issued by banks subject to conditions
- viii. Units of mutual funds subject to conditions
- ix. Re-securitisations, irrespective of any credit ratings, are not eligible financial collateral.

There are certain additional standards for availing capital relief for collateralized transactions, which have direct bearing on the management of collaterals, and these aspects are taken into account during Collateral Management.

3. On-balance-sheet-netting

On-balance sheet netting is confined to loans/advances (treated as exposure) and deposits (treated as collateral), where Bank has legally enforceable netting arrangements, involving specific lien with proof of documentation and which are managed on a net basis.

- **4. Guarantees** Where guarantees are direct, explicit, irrevocable and unconditional, bank takes account of such credit protection in calculating capital requirements. The range of eligible guarantors / counter guarantors as per Basel III includes:
 - i. Sovereigns, sovereign entities (including BIS, IMF, European Central Bank and European Community as well as those MDBs, ECGC and CGTSI, CRGFTLIH), banks and primary dealers with a lower risk weight than the counterparty;

ii. Other entities that are externally rated except when credit protection is provided to a securitisation exposure. This would include credit protection provided by parent, subsidiary and affiliate companies when they have a lower risk weight than the obligor.

iii. When credit protection is provided to a securitisation exposure, other entities that currently are externally rated BBB- or better and that were externally rated A- or better at the time the credit protection was provided. This would include credit protection provided by parent, subsidiary and affiliate companies when they have a lower risk weight than the obligor.

The Bank accepts all types of collaterals against exposures. However, for Basel-III norms, the eligible collaterals are considered and given appropriate treatment before they are set-off against exposures. The bank has a well laid-out Credit Risk Mitigation & Collateral management Policy and also guidelines for valuation of collaterals. The Bank also takes cognizance of eligible guarantees and substitution of rating of guarantor(s) in cases where these are better than that of the counter-party. Besides, for purposes of credit protection, Central Govt., State Govt., ECGC and CGTMSE coverages are also taken into account to apply appropriate risk weights.

Disclosed credit risk portfolio under the standardised approach, the total exposure that is covered by: Eligible financial collateral; after the application of haircuts – Rs. 278343.98 lacs

Table DF 6 -SECURITISATION: DISCLOSURE FOR STANDARDISED APPROACH

1. For Raising Resources

- 1.1 To raise resources for the Bank (through mortgage/ asset backed securitization) at a reasonable cost.
- 1.2 For better asset liability management as long tenure assets can be disposed off, in case of need, to reduce the maturity mismatches.
- 1.3 To manage the capital funds efficiently without effecting the growth of the Bank.
- 1.4 To rotate assets and to continue to book business even while capital availability is scarce.
- 1.5 To access to new source of funding and diversify the existing funding sources.
- 1.6 To maximize the returns by churning assets fast.
- 1.7 For better managing the credit portfolio. By hiring of assets in sectors of high concentration, the Bank would be in a position to continue to book additional business in these sectors and hence maintain market share, client relationship etc.
- 2. For Deploying Surplus Funds: Avenue for bulk deployment of surplus funds either by subscribing to the PTCs or by purchase of assets through bilateral assignment of debts with reasonable rate of return.

Exposure (balance outstanding) under Assignment of Standard Pool Assets - Rs 46420.0 lacs

Table DF 7 - MARKET RISK IN TRADING BOOK

Qualitative disclosures

Market risk refers to the uncertainty of future earnings resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, market prices and volatilities. The Bank assumes market risk in its lending and deposit taking businesses and in its investment activities, including position taking and trading. The market risk is managed in accordance with the investment policies, which are approved by the Board. These policies ensure that operations in securities, foreign exchange and derivatives are conducted in accordance with sound and acceptable business practices and are as per the extant regulatory guidelines, laws governing transactions in financial securities and the financial environment. Market Risk in Trading Book is assessed as per the Standardized Duration approach. The capital charge for Held for Trading (HFT) and Available for Sale (AFS) portfolios is computed as per Reserve Bank of India prudential guidelines.

Market risk management objectives:

The objectives of market risk management are as follows:

- Management of liquidity
- Management of interest rate risk and exchange rate risk.
- Proper classification and valuation of investment portfolio
- Adequate and proper reporting of investments and derivative products
- Compliance with regulatory requirement

Quantitative Disclosures

| The capital requirements for: | Amt. in Lacs |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Interest rate risk; | 32695 |
| Equity position risk; | 6139 |
| Foreign exchange risk; | 225 |

Table DF 8 - OPERATIONAL RISK

Qualitative disclosures

The Bank has formulated Policies on "Operational Risk Management" and "Business Continuity Plan & Disaster Recovery Management". These policies are being reviewed by the Board of the Bank on annual basis. Bank is collecting "Loss Data" from Zonal Offices/Head Offices . The Bank has loss data management framework to comply with overall operational risk management of the Bank.

Bank is conducting Risk and Control Self-Assessment (RCSA) workshop to assess the risk emanating from a particular product or activity as per RCSA framework approved by the Board. The result of RCSA workshop is being placed before ORMC for review. Further Bank is monitoring identified Key Risk Indicators (KRI) on quarterly basis to identify the early warning signals and hence trying to proactively manage/ mitigate the underlying issues and potential losses which is one of the objectives of KRI framework.

As per the policy on Operational Risk, the Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) has been set up which is headed by the MD & CEO. Regular meetings of the ORMC are convened at least on quarterly basis. Inspection Department of the bank undertakes onsite "Risk Based Internal Audit" (RBIA) of the branches.

Inspection, Reconciliation and Vigilance Departments are reporting matters relating to Housekeeping, Reconciliation and Frauds etc. periodically to ACB. Regulatory reporting with regard to Operational Risk and Business Continuity Plan is made timely & regularly. Bank is presently following 'Basic Indicator Approach" for calculating Capital Charge on Operational Risk. However, the bank is preparing to move to advance approaches of calculating capital charge for Operational Risk.

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Table DF 9 -INTEREST RATE RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK (IRRBB)

Qualitative disclosures

The Interest rate risk in banking book is measured and managed by the bank through Traditional Gap for Earnings at Risk (Ear) approach and modified Duration Gap for Economic Value (MVE) Approach. Interest rate risk in banking book includes all advances and investments kept under Held to Maturity (HTM) portfolio. The strategies and process/structure of organization / scope and nature of risk reporting/policies etc. are the same as reported under DF -7. The methodology adopted to measure the interest rate risk in banking book (IRRBB) is based on RBI suggested guidelines.

- 1.1 RBI has stipulated monitoring of interest rate risk through a Statement of Interest Rate Sensitivity (Reprising Gaps) to be prepared at monthly intervals. Accordingly, ALCO reviews Interest Rate Sensitivity statement on monthly basis and monitors the Earnings at Risk (EaR) which measures the change in net interest income of the Bank due to parallel change in interest rate on both the assets and liabilities.
- 1.2 RBI has also stipulated to estimate the impact of change in interest rates on economic value of bank's assets and liabilities through Interest Rate Sensitivity under Duration Gap Analysis (IRSD). Bank also carries out Duration Gap analysis as stipulated by RBI at monthly/quarterly intervals. The impact of interest rate changes on the Market Value of Equity (MVE) is monitored through Duration Gap Analysis. Using the above, Modified Duration of liabilities and assets for each bucket is calculated and the impact on their value for a change in interest rate by 200 bps is reckoned by adding up the net position is arrived to determine as to whether there will be a positive increase in the value or otherwise.
- 1.3 As a prudential measure limit has been fixed for EaR as well as for Net Duration Gap of the assets and liabilities and the same is monitored at regular intervals.

Quantitative Disclosures

a) Earning at Risk

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (Amt. in Lacs) |
|---|----------------|
| At 100 bps change for gaps upto 1 year on | 7467 |
| average basis | |

b) Modified Duration Gap for Economic Value (MVE) -4.42%

Table DF-10: General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk **Qualitative Disclosures**

Counter Party Credit Risk (CCR) is the risk of default by the Counterparty towards settlement of transaction before or at the maturity. Counter party credit limits (Inter Bank limits) are set up and monitored through ALM Policy. All the Derivative Transactions with the Counterparty are to be evaluated through Board approved Derivative Policy of the Bank. However, Bank is not having any Derivative Transactions at present.

Bank does not have any policy related to Wrong Way Risk exposure.

Bank is yet to enter into any Credit Support Annex (CSA) Agreement with its Counterparties and such impact is currently not quantifiable.

Quantitative Disclosures

Bank does not recognize bilateral netting. For reporting purpose total exposure is considered.

| Particulars | Notional Amount | Current Exposure | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| Foreign Exchange Contracts | 426,846 | 2938 | |

Bank is not having any derivative exposure/transactions.

Table DF 11 - Composition of Capital

| | | | (Amt. in Lacs |
|-------|--|-----------|---------------|
| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from 2017 | March 31, | Ref No. |
| S.No. | Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | |
| 1 | Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium) | 531023 | |
| . 2 | Retained earnings | 0 | |
| 3 | Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves) | 240340 | |
| 4 | Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies1) Public sector capital injections grandfathered until 1/1/2018 | 0 | |
| 5 | Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1) | 0 | |
| 6 | Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments | 771364 | |
| 7 | Prudential valuation adjustments | - | |
| 8 | Goodwill (net of related tax liability) | - | |
| 9 | Intangibles (net of related tax liability) | 74 | |



| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from 2017 | March 31, | Ref No. |
|-------|---|-----------|---------|
| S.No. | Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | |
| 10 | Deferred tax assets (associated with accumulated losses (net of elegible DTL) to be deducted in full from CET1) | 15080 | |
| 11 | Cash-flow hedge reserve | | |
| 12 | Shortfall of provisions to expected losses | - | |
| 13 | Securitisation gain on sale | | |
| 14 | Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities | _ | |
| 15 | Defined-benefit pension fund net assets | 20484 | |
| 16 | Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet) | - | |
| 17 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity | 1442 | |
| 18 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) | 0 | |
| 19 | Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)3 Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold) | NA | |
| 21 | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) | NA | |
| 22 | Amount exceeding the 15% threshold | NA | |
| 23 | of which: significant investments in the common stock of financials | NA | |
| 24 | of which: mortgage servicing rights | NA | |
| 25 | of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences | NA | |
| 26 | National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c) | NA | |
| 26a | Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries8 | NA | |
| 26b | Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated nonfinancial subsidiaries8 | NA | |
| 26c | Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank9 | NA | |
| 26d | Unamortised pension funds expenditures | NA | |

| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from 2017 | March 31, | Ref No. | | |
|-------|---|-----------|---------|--|--|
| S.No. | Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | | | |
| 27 | Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions | NA | | | |
| 28 | Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1 | 176426 | | | |
| 29 | Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1) | | | | |
| | and the supplemental (OE11) | 594937 | | | |
| 30 | Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable | 0 | | | |
| 31 | accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) | 0 | | | |
| 32 | of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments) | 0 | | | |
| 33 | Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1 | 0 | | | |
| 34 | Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1) | 0 | | | |
| 35 | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out | 0 | | | |
| 36 | Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments | 0 | | | |
| 37 | Investments in a Addition 1 To 4 in a | | | | |
| 31 | Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments | 0 | | | |
| 38 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments | 0 | | | |
| 20 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount | | | | |
| 39 | above 10% threshold) Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the | 0 | | | |
| 40 | scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions10) | 0 | | | |
| 41 | National specific regulatory adjustments | 0 | | | |
| 41a | Of which: Investment in the Additional Tier I capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries. | 0 | | | |
| 41b | Of which: Shortfall in the Additional Tier I capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank | 0 | | | |

| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from March 31, 2017 | | | | |
|-------|--|---------|----|--|--|
| S.No. | Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 42 | to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions | 0 | | | |
| 43 | Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital | 0 | | | |
| 44 | Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) | 100000 | 1. | | |
| 45 | Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (row 29 + row 44) | 694937 | | | |
| | Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions 0 | | - | | |
| 46 | Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus | 113730 | | | |
| 47 | Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2 | | | | |
| 48 | Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2) | NA NA | | | |
| 40 | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to | | | | |
| 49 | phase out | NA | | | |
| 50 | Provisions | 50073 | | | |
| 51 | Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments | 163803 | | | |
| 52 | Investments in own Tier 2 instruments | 0 | | | |
| 53 | Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments | 0 | | | |
| 54 | Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) | | | | |
| 55 | Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) | | | | |
| 56 | National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b) | | | | |
| 56a | Of which: Investment in the Tier II capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries. | | | | |
| 56b | Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank | | | | |
| 57 | Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital | | | | |
| 58 | Tier 2 capital (T2) | 163803 | | | |
| 59 | Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (row 45+row 58) | 858740 | | | |
| 60 | Total risk weighted assets | | | | |
| 60a | of which: total credit risk weighted assets | 4005829 | | | |

| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from 2017 | late to be used from March 31, | | | |
|---------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| S.No. | Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | | | |
| 60b | of which: total market risk weighted assets | 340181 | | | |
| 60c | of which: total operational risk weighted assets | 476307 | | | |
| | Capital ratios and buffers | | | | |
| 2000 22 | Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk | | | | |
| 61 | weighted assets) | 12.34% | | | |
| 62 | Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 14.41% | | | |
| 63 | Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) | 17.82% | | | |
| | Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 | | | | |
| | requirement plus capital conservation and | | | | |
| 64 | countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a | | | | |
| 64 | percentage of risk weighted assets) | 8.00 | | | |
| 65 | of which: capital conservation buffer requirement of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer | 2.50 | | | |
| 66 | of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement | | | | |
| 67 | | 0 | | | |
| 07 | of which: G-SIB buffer requirement | 0 | | | |
| 68 | Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a | | | | |
| 00 | percentage of risk weighted assets) | 6.84 | | | |
| 69 | National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) | 5.50 | | | |
| | National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III | 5.50 | | | |
| 70 | minimum) | 7.00 | | | |
| | National total capital minimum ratio (if different from | 7.00 | | | |
| 71 | Basel III minimum) | 9.00 | | | |
| | Non-significant investments in the capital of other | | | | |
| 72 | financials | 0 | | | |
| | Significant investments in the common stock of | | | | |
| 73 | financials | 0 | | | |
| | | 0 | | | |
| 74 | Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability) | | | | |
| 7.5 | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences | 0 | | | |
| 75 | (net of related tax liability) | | | | |
| | Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in | Tier 2 | | | |
| | Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of | | | | |
| 76 | exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to | NIA | | | |
| 76 | application of cap) | NA | | | |
| 77 | Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach | NA | | | |

| | Basel III common disclosure template to be used from 2017 | m March 31, | Ref No. | | | |
|-------|--|-------------|---------|--|--|--|
| S.No. | .No. Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves | | | | | |
| 78 | Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach | NA | | | | |
| 79 | ge manager alphiodoli | NΔ | | | | |
| | Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangement applicable between April 1, 2018 and March 31, | ents (only | | | | |
| 80 | Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | | | | | |
| 81 | Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | | | | | |
| 82 | Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | | | | | |
| 83 | Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | NA | | | | |
| 84 | Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements | | | | | |
| 85 | Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) | | | | | |

Table DF 12 - Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements-

Not applicable as the Bank's Balance sheet as in Financial Statement is same as Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation

Tabe DF 13 - Main features of Regulatory Capital Instruments

| Sr. No | Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments | SERIES- XIV =500 crore | PSB AT-1 BONDS:SERIES 1 | SERIES- XV =237.30 crore | SERIES- XVI =500 crore |
|--------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Issuer | Punjab & Sind Bank | Punjab & Sind Bank | Punjab & Sind Bank | Punjab & Sind Bank |
| 2 | Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement) | INE608A08017 | INE608A08025 | INE608A08033 | INE608A08041 |



| Sr. No | Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments | SERIES- XIV =500 crore | PSB AT-1 BONDS:SERIES 1 | SERIES- XV =237.30 crore | SERIES- XVI =500 crore |
|--------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 3 | Governing law(s) of the instrument | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2008/13/127878 DATED JUNE 06, 2008, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2012 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2012-13/19/5392 DATED OCTOBER 12, 2012, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2014 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2013-14/43/207 DATED JANUARY 31, 2014, AS AMENDED | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD- NRO/GN/2008/13/127 878 DATED JUNE 06, 2008, AS AMENDED BY SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2012 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD- NRO/GN/2012- 13/19/5392 DATED OCTOBER 12, 2012 AND CIR/IMD/DF/18/2013 DATED OCTOBER 29, 2013) AND THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2014 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD- NRO/GN/2013- 14/43/207 DATED JANUARY 31, 2014 AS AMENDED SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2015 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD- NRO/GN/2013- 14/43/207 DATED JANUARY 31, 2014 AS AMENDED SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2015 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD- NRO/GN/2014- 15/25/539 DATED MARCH 24, 2015 AND RBI CIRCULAR NO. RBI/2015-16/58 DBR.NO.BP.BC.1/21.06. 201/2015-16 DATED 01.07.2015, NOTIFICATION NO. RBI/2015-16/885 DBR.NO.BP.BC.71/21.0 6.201/2015-16 DATED 01.07.2015, NOTIFICATION NO. RBI/2015-16/885 DBR.NO.BP.BC.71/21.0 6.201/2015-16 DATED 01.07.2015, NOTIFICATION NO. RBI/2015-16/9331 DBR.NO.BP.BC.83/21.0 6.201/2015-16 DATED | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2008/13/12 7878 DATED JUNE 06, 2008, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2012 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2012-13/19/5392 DATED OCTOBER 12, 2012, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2014 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LAD-NRO/GN/2013-14/43/207 DATED JANUARY 31, 2014, AS AMENDED | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LADNRO/GN/2008/13/127878 DATED JUNE 06, 2008, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2012 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LADNRO/GN/2012-13/19/5392 DATED OCTOBER 12, 2012, AS AMENDED AND SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 2014 ISSUED VIDE CIRCULAR NO. LADNRO/GN/2013-14/43/207 DATED JANUARY 31, 2014, AS AMENDED |

| Sr. No | Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments | SERIES- XIV =500 crore | PSB AT-1 BONDS:SERIES 1 | SERIES- XV =237.30 crore | SERIES- XVI =500 crore |
|--------|--|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | 01.03.2016 AND NOTIFICATION NO. DBR.BP.BC.NO.50/21.0 6.201/2016-17 DATED 02.02.2017, | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Regulatory treatment | | | | |
| 4 | Transitional Basel III rules | Tier II | Tier I | Tier II | Tier II |
| 5 | Post-transitional Basel III rules | Tier II | Tier I | Tier II | Tier II |
| 6 | Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo | Solo | Solo | Solo | |
| 7 | Instrument type | Tier II debt | Tier instruments | Tier II debt | Solo Tier II debt |
| | Amount recognised in | instruments | Tier i instruments | instruments | instruments |
| 8 | regulatory capital (Rs. in Crore, as of most recent reporting date) | 400 CR | 1000 CR | 237.30 CR | 500 CR |
| | D | | | | 300 CK |
| 9 | Par value of instrument | Rs. 1000000 | Rs. 1000000 | Rs. 1000000 | D- 1000000 |
| | | Liability | 113. 1000000 | KS. 1000000 | Rs. 1000000 |
| | | (Borrowin | Liability | Liobility | 1 . 1 . 1 |
| 10 | Accounting classification | g) | (Borrowing) | Liability | Liability |
| 10 | Original date of | 6/ | (Borrowing) | (Borrowing) | (Borrowing) |
| 11 | issuance | 19.10.2016 | 08.05.2017 | 27.06.2019 | 04.11.2019 |
| 12 | Perpetual or dated | Dated | Perpetual | Dated | Dated |
| 13 | Original maturity date | 19.10.2026 | NA | 26.10.2029 | 03.12.2029 |
| | Issuer call subject to prior supervisory | | Yes - The call option on the instrument is permissible after the instrument has run for at least five years subject to prior RBI approval. The call option on the instrument is permissible after the instrument has run for | | |
| 14 | approval | No | at least five years | No | No |
| 15 | Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | NA | The call option on the instrument is permissible after the instrument has run for at least five years | NA | NA |
| 16 | Subsequent call dates, if applicable | NA | Every coupon date thereafter | NA | NA |
| | Coupons / dividends | | thereafter | | |
| 17 | Fixed or floating dividend/coupon | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed |
| 18 | Coupon rate and any related index | 7.99% | 10.90% | 9.50% | 8.67% |

| Sr. No | Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments | SERIES- XIV =500 crore | PSB AT-1 BONDS:SERIES 1 | SERIES- XV =237.30 crore | SERIES- XVI =500 crore |
|--------|--|--|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 10 | Existence of a | 150.0 | | | |
| 19 | dividend stopper Fully discretionary, | No | Yes | No | No |
| | partially discretionary | | | | |
| 20 | or mandatory | Mandatory | Fully Discretionary | Mandatory | Mandatory |
| | Existence of step up | | | | ividilaatory |
| 21 | or other incentive to | | | | |
| | | No | No | No | No |
| 22 | Noncumulative or cumulative Convertible or non- | Noncumulative | Noncumulative | Noncumulative | Noncumulative |
| 23 | convertible | non-convertible | Nonconvertible | non convertible | |
| | | The second secon | Nonconvertible | non-convertible | non-convertible |
| | If convertible, | | NA | | |
| 24 | conversion trigger(s) | NA | | NA | NA |
| 25 | If convertible, fully or | | NA | | |
| 25 | partially | NA | IVA | NA | NA |
| 20 | If convertible, | 12.0 | NA | | |
| 26 | conversion rate | NA | | NA | NA |
| | If convertible, | | | | |
| 27 | mandatory or | | NA | | |
| 41 | optional conversion | NA | | NA | NA |
| | If convertible, specify instrument type | | | | |
| 28 | convertible into | NA | NA | 71.6 | |
| 20 | If convertible, specify | IVA | | NA | NA |
| | issuer of instrument it | | NA | | |
| 29 | converts into | NA | NA. | NA | NA |
| | | Write-off | | IVA | NA |
| 30 | Write-down feature | feature is applicable | Write-off feature is applicable | Write-off feature is applicable | Write-off feature applicable |
| 31 | If write-down, write- down trigger(s) | PONV Trigger as per RBI Guidelines | The Bonds issued before October 1, 202: i.e. before the full implementation of Basel III shall have two prespecified triggers. A lower pre-specified trigger at CET1 of 5.5% of RWAs shall apply and remain effective before October 1,2021From this date the trigger shall be raised to CET1 OF 6.125% of RWAs for all such Bonds. | | PONV Trigger as per RBI Guidelines |
| 32 | If write-down, full or partial | full or partial | full or partial | full or partial | full or partial |
| 33 | If write-down, permanent or temporary | Permanent | The write down mechanism may be Temporary or Permanent at Bank's | Dannerst | D |
| 33 | If temporary write- down, description of | remidnent | Discretion. A temporary writedown is different from a conversion and a permanent writedowni.e.the original instrument may not be fully | | Permanent |

| Sr. No | Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments | SERIES- XIV =500 crore | PSB AT-1 BONDS:SERIES 1 | SERIES- XV =237.30 crore | SERIES- XVI =500 crore |
|--------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | , the par value of the instrument is writtendown (decrease) on the occurrence of the trigger event and which may be writtenup (increase) back to its original value in future in conformity with the provisions of the RBI Basel III Guidelines. The amount shown on the balance sheet subsequent to temporary write-down may depend on the precise features of the Bonds and the prevailing accounting standards. | | |
| .35 | Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument) | Subbordinate to claims of all depositors and general creditors of the bank | Subordinated to the claims of (a) all depositors,(b) general creditors (c) subordinated debt of the bank other than subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier 1 Capital (as the term is defined in the Basel III Guidelines);(d) Debt Capital Instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital issued and to be issued in future by the Bank; (e) perpetual cumulative preference shares; (g) redeemable non-cumulative preference shares; (g) redeemable cumulative preference shares eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital issued and to be issued infuture by the Bank | Subbordinate to claims of all depositors and general creditors of the bank | Subbordinate to claims of all depositors and general creditors of the bank |
| 6 | Non-compliant transitioned features | NA | NO | NA | NA |
| 7 | If yes, specify non- compliant features | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Table DF 14 –Full Terms & Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

1. BOND ISSUE - XIV Rs 500 Crore

| <u>Issuer</u> | Punjab & Sind Bank | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Issue Size | Rs 500 Crore | | |
| Issue Objects | Augmenting overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy as per Basel III, for future growth and for enhancing long-term resources. | | |
| Listed, Rated, Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Fully Paid Unsecured (Series XIV) in the nature of Debentures for Tier 2 Capital ("Bonds") | | | |
| Nature of | | | |
| Instrument be: (a) senior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for in | | | |
| l capital of the Bank; (b) subordinate to the claims of all depositors creditors of the Bank; and (c) is neither secured nor covered by a guar Bank or related entity or other arrangement that legally or economical the seniority of the claim vis-à-vis Bank creditors. | | | |
| Issuance/ | In demat mode only | | |
| Trading | | | |
| Credit Rating | "CRISIL AA\Negative" by CRISIL and "CARE AA-\ Negative" by CARE. | | |
| Security | Unsecured and Subordinated | | |
| Face Value | Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond | | |
| Issue Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Redemption | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Price | per Bolla) | | |
| Minimum | 1 (one) Bond and in multiples of 1 (one) Bond thereafter | | |
| Subscription | (one) Bond mercaner | | |
| Tenure | 10 years from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Put Option | None | | |
| Call Option | None | | |
| Redemption/ Maturity | At the end of 10 years from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Redemption Date | October 19, 2026 | | |
| Coupon Rate | 7.99% p.a. | | |
| Interest Payment | Annual | | |
| Interest Payment Date | Annually on October 19, of each year till maturity of Bonds | | |
| Trustee | Axis Trustee Services Limited | | |
| Depository | National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") | | |
| Registrar | Link Intime India Private Limited | | |
| Interest on Application Money | In respect of applicants who get allotment of Bonds in the Issue, interest on application money shall be paid at the Coupon Rate (subject to deduction of income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, or any other statutory modification or re- enactment thereof, as applicable) on the aggregate face value amount of Bonds for the period starting from and including the date of realization | | |

| Settlement Mode of Subscription | of application money in Issuer's account upto but excluding the Deemed Date of Allotment. Such interest on application money shall be paid by the Issuer to the allottees within 15 (fifteen) days from the Deemed Date of Allotment. Payment of interest and repayment of principal amount shall be made by the Bank by way of cheque(s)/ interest/ redemption warrant(s)/ demand draft(s)/ credit through direct credit/ NECS/ RTGS/ NEFT mechanism or any other online facility allowed by the RBI Remittances either through cheque(s)/ demand draft(s) drawn in favour of "Punjab & Sind Bank A/c" and crossed "Account Payee Only" payable at par at place/ centre where the application form is deposited or by way of electronic transfer of funds through funds transfer/ RTGS mechanism for credit in the account of Punjab & Sind Bank IFSC Code PSIB0000606, Rajendra place New Delhi. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Issue Opens on | 05.10.2016 |
| Issue Closes on | 05.10.2016 |
| Pay in Date | 19.10.2016 |
| Deemed Date of Allotment | 19.10.2016 |

2. PSB AT-1 BONDS SERIES I- Rs 1000 Crore

| Issuer | Punjab & Sind Bank |
|--|--|
| Issue Size | Rs 1000 Crore |
| Issue Objects | Augmenting overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy as per Basel III, for future growth and for enhancing long-term resources. |
| <u>Instrument</u> Unsecured, subordinated, non-convertible, perpetual taxable bonds when qualify as Additional Tier 1 Capital (as the term is defined in the Base Guidelines of the Reserve Bank of India) in the nature of Debentures ("Bonds") | |
| Nature of Instrument | The Bonds are neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the Issuer nor related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim of the holders of the Bonds (the "Bondholders") vis- àvis other creditors of the Issuer. The claims of the Bondholders shall be: (i) superior to the claims of investors in equity shares and perpetual noncumulative preference shares of the Bank, if any; (ii) subordinated to the claims of depositors, general creditors and subordinated debt of the bank other than any subordinated debt qualifying as Additional Tier 1 Capital (as the term is defined in the Basel III Guidelines); (iii) neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the issuer nor related entity or any other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim vis-à-vis bank creditors. (iv) rank pari passu without preference amongst; (v) unless the terms of any subsequent issuance of bonds/debentures (in the nature of AT1 instruments) by the Bank specifies that the claims of such subsequent bond holders are senior or subordinate to the bond issued under this Disclosure Document or unless the RBI specifies otherwise in its guidelines, the claims of the Bond holders shall be pari passu with claims of holders of such |
| Issuance/ Trading | subsequent debentures/bond issuances of the Bank; In demat mode only |

| Cradit Dating | WIOD A A G 1N2 | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Credit Rating | "ICRA A-(hyb)\ Negative" by ICRA and "CARE A\ Negative" by CARE. | | |
| Security | Unsecured | | |
| Face Value | Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond | | |
| Issue Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Redemption Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Minimum Subscription | 10 (Ten) Bond and in multiples of 1 (one) Bond thereafter | | |
| Tenure | Perpetual | | |
| Put Option | None | | |
| Call Option | The call option on the instrument is permissible after the instrument has run for at least five years | | |
| Redemption/ Maturity | At PAR | | |
| Redemption Date | Perpetual | | |
| Coupon Rate | 10.90% p.a. | | |
| Interest Payment | Annual | | |
| Interest Payment Date | Annual on May 08, of each year | | |
| Trustee | Vistra ITCL (India) Limited | | |
| Depository | | | |
| | National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") | | |
| Registrar Interest on | Link In time India Private Limited | | |
| Application Money | Interest at the Coupon Rate (subject to deduction of Income-tax under the provisions of the Income-tax Act 1961, or any statutory modification or reenactment as applicable) will be paid to all the applicants on the application money for the Bonds. Such interest shall be paid from the date of realization of cheque (s)/demand draft (s) and in case of RTGS/other means of electronic transfer interest shall be paid from the date of receipt of funds to one day prior to the Deemed Date of Allotment. The Interest on application money will be computed as per Actual/Actual Day count convention. Such interest would be paid on all the valid applications including the refunds. For the application amount that has been refunded, the Interest on application money will be paid along with the refund orders and for the application amount against which Bonds have been allotted, the Interest on application money will be paid within ten working days from the Deemed Date of Allotment. Where an applicant is allotted lesser number of Bonds than applied for, the excess amount paid on application will be refunded to the applicant along with the interest on refunded money. Income Tax at Source (TDS) will be deducted at the applicable rate on Interest on application money. | | |
| Settlement | Payment of interest and repayment of principal amount shall be made by the Bank by way of cheque(s)/ interest/ redemption warrant(s)/ demand draft(s)/credit through direct credit/ NECS/ RTGS/ NEFT mechanism or any other online facility allowed by the RBI | | |
| Mode of Subscription Issue Opens on | Remittances either through cheque(s)/ demand draft(s) drawn in favour of "Punjab & Sind Bank A/c" and crossed "Account Payee Only" payable at par at place/ centre where the application form is deposited or by way of electronic transfer of funds through funds transfer/ RTGS mechanism for credit in the account of Punjab & Sind Bank IFSC Code PSIB0000606, Rajendra place New Delhi 02.05.2017 | | |
| issue Opens on | 02.03.2017 | | |

3. BOND ISSUE – XV Rs 237.30 Crore

| Issuer | Punjab & Sind Bank | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Issue Size | Rs 237.30 Crore | | |
| Issue Objects | Augmenting overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy as pe Basel III, for future growth and for enhancing long-term resources | | |
| Instrument | Listed, Rated, Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Fully Paid Up Basel III Compliant Tier 2 Bonds (Series XV) in the nature of Debentures for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital ("Bonds") | | |
| Nature of | These Bonds shall be fully paid up. Unsecured The claims of the Bondholders shall | | |
| Instrument | be: (a) senior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital of the Bank; (b) subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of the Bank; and (c) is neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the Bank or related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim vis-à-vis Bank creditors. | | |
| Issuance/ Trading | In demat mode only | | |
| Credit Rating | "Brickwork AA\ Negative" by Brickwork and "CARE AA-\ Negative" by CARE. | | |
| Security | Unsecured and Subordinated | | |
| Face Value | Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond | | |
| <u>Issue Price</u> | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Redemption Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Minimum Subscription | 1 (one) Bond and in multiples of 1 (one) Bond thereafter | | |
| <u>Tenure</u> | 10 years 4 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Put Option | None | | |
| Call Option | None | | |
| Redemption/ Maturity | At the end of 10 years 4 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Redemption Date | October 26, 2029 | | |
| Coupon Rate | 9.50% p.a. | | |
| Interest Payment | Annual | | |
| Interest Payment Date | Annually on October 19, of each year till maturity of Bonds | | |
| Trustee | Vistra ITCL (India) Limited | | |
| Depository | National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") | | |
| Registrar | Link Intime India Private Limited | | |

| Interest on Application Money | In respect of applicants who get allotment of Bonds in the Issue, interest on application money shall be paid at the Coupon Rate (subject to deduction of income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, or any other statutory modification or re- enactment thereof, as applicable) on the aggregate face value amount of Bonds for the period starting from and including the date of realization of application money in Issuer's account upto but excluding the Deemed Date of Allotment. Such interest on application money shall be paid by the Issuer to the allottees within 15 (fifteen) days from the Deemed Date of Allotment. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Settlement | Payment of interest and repayment of principal amount shall be made through RTGS/NEFT mechanism or any other online facility allowed by the RBI |
| Issue Opens on | 25.06.2019 |
| Issue Closes on | 25.06.2019 |
| Pay in Date | 27.06.2019 |
| Deemed Date of Allotment | 27.06.2019 |

4. BOND ISSUE – XVI Rs 500 Crore

| <u>Issuer</u> | Punjab & Sind Bank | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| <u>Issue Size</u> | Rs 500 Crore | | |
| Issue Objects | Augmenting overall capital of the Bank for strengthening its capital adequacy as per Basel III, for future growth and for enhancing long-term resources. | | |
| Instrument | Listed, Rated, Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Fully Paid Up Basel III Compliant Tier 2 Bonds (Series XVI) in the nature of Debentures for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital ("Bonds") | | |
| Nature of Instrument | These Bonds shall be fully paid up, Unsecured. The claims of the Bondholders shall be: (a) senior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital of the Bank; (b) subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors of the Bank; and (c) is neither secured nor covered by a guarantee of the Bank or related entity or other arrangement that legally or economically enhances the seniority of the claim vis-à-vis Bank creditors. | | |
| Issuance/ Trading | In demat mode only | | |
| Credit Rating | "CRISIL AA\ Negative" by CRISIL and "CARE AA-\ Negative" by CARE. | | |
| Security | Unsecured and Subordinated | | |
| Face Value | Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond | | |
| Issue Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Redemption Price | At par (Rs 10,00,000/- per Bond) | | |
| Minimum Subscription | 1 (one) Bond and in multiples of 1 (one) Bond thereafter | | |
| Tenure | 10 years 1 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Put Option | None | | |
| Call Option | None | | |
| Redemption/ Maturity | At the end of 10 years 1 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment | | |
| Redemption Date | December 03, 2029 | | |
| Coupon Rate | 8.67% p.a. | | |

| Interest Payment | Annual | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Interest Payment Date | Annually on May 08, of each year till maturity of Bonds | | |
| Trustee | IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited | | |
| Depository | National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") | | |
| Registrar | Link Intime India Private Limited | | |
| Interest on Application Money | In respect of applicants who get allotment of Bonds in the Issue, interest on application money shall be paid at the Coupon Rate (subject to deduction of income tax under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, or any other statutory modification or re- enactment thereof, as applicable) on the aggregate face value amount of Bonds for the period starting from and including the date of realization of application money in Issuer's account upto but excluding the Deemed Date of Allotment. Such interest on application money shall be paid by the Issuer to the allottees within 15 (fifteen) days from the Deemed Date of Allotment. | | |
| Settlement Payment of interest and repayment of principal amount shall be mad RTGS/NEFT mechanism or any other online facility allowed by the RBI | | | |
| Issue Opens on | 31.10.2019 | | |
| Issue Closes on | 31.10.2019 | | |
| Pay in Date | 04.11.2019 | | |
| Deemed Date of Allotment | 04.11.2019 | | |

Table DF 15 - Disclosure Requirements for Remuneration-

Not applicable to PSU Banks

Table DF-16: Equities – Disclosure for Banking Book Positions

Qualitative Disclosures

| Differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons. | Bank does not hold any equity investment in banking book with intention to make capital gain. |
|--|--|
| Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the Banking Book. This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices. | Investment which is intended to be held till maturity are classified as HTM securities. Investments classified under HTM category are not marked to market and carried at acquisition cost. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of investments is provided for. Any Loss on sale of investments in HTM category is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Any gain from sale of investments in HTM category is |

recognized in the statement of profit and loss and is appropriated, net of taxes and statutory reserves, to "Capital Reserves" in accordance with RBI guidelines.

(Amount in Lacs)

| Qı | uantitative Disclosures | |
|----|---|---|
| 1 | Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments, as well as the fair value of those investments; for quoted securities, a comparison to publicly quoted share values where the share price is materially different from fair value. | |
| 2 | The types and nature of investments, including the amount that can be classified as: • Publicly traded; and • Privately held. | |
| 3 | The cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period. | |
| 4 | Total unrealised gains (losses) | |
| 5 | Total latent revaluation gains (losses) | |
| 6 | Any amounts of the above included in Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 capital. | |
| 7 | Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements. | The HTM equity investment in RRB is given treatment as per para 4.4.9.2 of Master circular Basel III Capital Regulations. |

| | age ratio exposure measure Item | (Rs. in Crores) | 31.12.202 (Rs. in Lakhs |
|---|--|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Total consolidated assets | 114248 | 11424819 |
| 2 | Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation | - | |

| | age ratio exposure measure | | 31.12.2021 |
|---|--|--------|------------|
| 3 | Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure | | |
| 4 | Adjustments for derivative financial instruments | - | |
| 5 | Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending) | 4012 | 401212 |
| 6 | Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures) | 4189 | 418910 |
| 7 | Other adjustments | - | |
| 8 | Leverage ratio exposure | 118437 | 11843729 |

| | able DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template 31.12.2021 | | |
|---|--|-----------------|----------------|
| | Leverage ratio Item framework | (Rs. in Crores) | (Rs. in Lakhs) |
| | On-balance sheet exposures | | |
| 1 | On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral) | 110236 | 11023608 |
| 2 | (Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital) | -1764 | -176426 |
| 3 | Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2) Derivative exposures | 108472 - | 10847182 |
| 4 | Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin) | - | - |
| 5 | Add-on amounts transactions for PFE associated with all derivatives | - | - |
| 6 | Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework | | - |
| 7 | (Deductions of margin provided receivables assets for cash variation in derivatives transactions) | | - |
| 8 | (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) | - | - |

| 0 | Table DF-18: Leverage ratio common discle | osure template | 31.12.2021 |
|-----|---|----------------|------------|
| 9 | Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives | - | - |
| 10 | (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add- on deductions for written credit derivatives) | - | - |
| 11 | Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 1.0 | Securities financing transaction exposures | | |
| 12 | Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions | 4012 | 401212 |
| 13 | (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) | - | - |
| 14 | CCR exposure for SFT assets | - | |
| 15 | Agent transaction exposures | - | 1 |
| 16 | Total securities lines 12 to 15) financing transaction exposures (sum of | 4012 | 401212 |
| | Other off-balance sheet exposures | | |
| 17 | Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount | 14542 | 1454229 |
| 18 | (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) | -10353 | -1035319 |
| 19 | Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) | 4189 | 418910 |
| | Capital and total exposures | | |
| 20 | Tier 1 capital | 6949 | 694937 |
| 21 | Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) | 116673 | 11667303 |
| | Leverage ratio | | 11007505 |
| 22 | Basel III leverage ratio | 5.96% | 5.96% |